

Il Rifiutologo

The tool to consult any time that you have doubts about where to dispose of your household waste.



The Waste helper is the indispensable tool for correct separate collection. It is a vademecum to be used whenever there is any doubt as to where to dispose of a certain type of waste. Thanks to the easy-to-consult list of the different objects, listed in alphabetical order, you can find the right place for everything!

Help us make a difference and turn waste into valuable resources.



Adults really need your help. They are distracted or perhaps they have forgotten what they learned as children. Who knows? However, we are the **true champions of separate waste collection**. And only we can get through to the Hopeless, the Lazy and the I Don't Cares, the true enemies of Recycling that can be found at home as well as at school. No receipts in the paper, no pizza left in the cartons, no ceramics in the glass and no toys in the plastic. And then the **right container for each kind of waste**. It's that easy. Together, let's help Adults discover the enemies of separate waste.



Every piece of waste in its place

In this section you can find the categories of waste and the containers in which to put them.



Plasticised paper, greasy or very dirty, CDs and DVDs, baking pans, rags, photographs, toys, residues of household sweeping, adhesive tape, receipts, nappies and sanitary pads, plastic cutlery, cat litter and ceramic dishes are some examples of **Non-recoverable waste**.



But be careful!

Medicines, batteries, oils, light bulbs and clothing **must NOT be thrown into the Non-recoverable waste!** They can be put in the containers just for them or brought to the Collection Centres.



Newspapers, magazines, books, notebooks, brochures, tabulates, wrapping paper, paperboard and cardboard, clean paper bags, cardboard boxes and cartons, polylaminates or cartons for liquids (like Tetra Pak) all have to be put in **Paper and Cardboard**.



But be careful!

Receipts, parchment paper, plastic-coated paper or paper with food residues **must NOT be placed in the paper bin!** Find out where to put them on the following pages.



Organic Waste is the residues of fruit and vegetables, kitchen scraps, entrails and skins, egg shells and molluscs, deteriorated foods, coffee grounds and tea filters, bones, cut flowers, small pruning scraps and cold ash.

Where specific collections for Organic are not active, they are to be put in the Unsorted Residual Waste.



Plastic beverage bottles, bottles of personal hygiene and household cleaning products, plastic bags, plastic plates and cups, food film, plastic caps, plastic or polystyrene food trays, plastic hangers, are all **Plastic Packaging**.



But be careful!

Cat litter, chemicals, cigarette butts, sawdust and dust **ARE NOT** organic waste! Find out where to put them

Find out where to put them on the following pages.



But be careful!

Toys, shoes, slippers, pens, toothbrushes, CDs and canisters **should NOT be put in the plastic bin!** Find out where to put them on the following pages.



Miscellaneous glass articles, bottles, glass jars and vases, non-unbreakable glasses in glass, beverage and oil cans, tins, screw and crown caps and aluminium food trays should be put in the bins for **Glass and metal packaging**.



But be careful!

Objects in ceramic or glass-ceramic, light bulbs, mirrors, unbreakable glass, glass containers of used medicines should **NOT be put in the glass bin**! Find out where to put them in the following pages.

Used clothing

Used **clothes**, shoes, belts, hats, bags and backpacks can be put in the specific containers on the territory so that they can be reused.



But be careful!

They should be clean, tidy and closed inside a bag.

Give your used clothes a second life!

There are different companies in the area who deal with roadside collection of **used clothes** and their management. After collection, the textile waste is sent to appropriate **treatment plants**: most of it is reused, while the remaining fraction is recycled in the **textile industry** or used to create **sound-absorbing** materials and **padding**.

Batteries

Batteries must be put in specific containers located in the area.



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But be careful! Only put in the containers batteries that have button, cylindrical, or flat shapes.



Bulky Waste

The collection of Bulky Waste

(household appliances and electronic devices, furniture, bulky objects and equipment for household use...) is **free** by calling **Amiat Customer Care at 800 017277** or by booking the free collection on the **www.amiat.it** website and filling out the relevant form. Alternately, they can be brought free of charge to the Collection Centres.



Medicines

Expired Medicines must be placed in **specific containers** at the chemist's.



But be careful! Don't keep the medicine

together with the **box** that contains it: that can be put in the **Paper collection bin**.



But be careful!

The pick-up service is free for only households.



Separate Waste Collection Centres

The **Collection Centres** are manned spaces in which it is possible to deliver separate waste **free of charge**. They were born with the aim of favouring the separate collection of all those types of waste for which it is not possible - due to the size of the waste, or its nature - to carry out a road or door-to-door collection.

The waste must be delivered already separated.



But be careful!

It is not possible to bring **Unsorted Waste** to the Collection Centres.

Addresses and Opening times of the Collection Centres

- Via Arbe 12
- from Monday to Saturday 7:00 19:00
- Via Germagnano 48/A
- from Monday to Saturday 7:15 19:00
- Via Gorini 20/A
- from Monday to Saturday 7:15 19:00
- Corso Moncalieri 420/A
- from Monday to Saturday 7:15 18:30
- Via Ravina 19/A
- from Monday to Saturday 7:15 18:30
- Sundays and holidays* 7:30 13:00
- Via Salgari 21/A
- from Monday to Saturday 7:15 18:30
- Via Zini 139
- from Monday to Saturday 7:15 18:30
- Sundays and holidays* 7:30 13:00

*With the exception of New Year's Eve, Easter, 1 May, 15 August and Christmas.



WEEE

The Waste from Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) can be

brought **free of charge** to the Separate Waste Collection Centres. Alternately, in case of purchase of a replacement, one can deliver the old large WEEE (refrigerators, ovens, washing machines...) directly to the dealer of the new one, who has the obligation to collect it free of charge. For small WEEE (hair-dryers, mobile phones, blenders...) one can, instead, ask for free collection from the large-scale retailer (shops with large size) without any obligation to purchase a replacement.

But be careful!



WEEE, in addition to containing recoverable materials, often also contains many pollutants. Recycling this waste prevents dangerous substances from being dispersed in the environment: things that are dangerous to humans and nature such as chlorine, fluorine, mercury.



Waste oils

Edible oil poured down sinks can cause **serious problems with the pipelines**, affect the proper functioning of the water **purifiers** and, if released in the ground, prevent the soil from taking in nutrients.

Food oil must be collected in adequate containers and be brought to the nearest **Collection Centre**.



But be careful! Mayonnaise and sauces are not food oils!

The **oil** delivered is subjected to a regeneration process.

It can be **recycled** as a basis for a variety of products: production of **asphalt**, **bitumen**, **mastics** and **adhesives**, in cogeneration plants, **biodiesel** for traction.

How to read the Waste helper

In the following pages you can find the categories of waste and learn where to bring them.



Waste	Where it	goes
Adhesive labels		ă
Adhesive tape		ă
• Adult and infant nappie	es	ă
• Advertising flyers and b	prochures	
Air conditioners		B
• Aluminium films for food		
• Aluminium trays		
Animal excrement		ă
Armchairs		B
Artificial flowers (plastic or fabric)		ñ
• Bags for crisps and pre	etzels	Ô
• Baking dishes		ă
• Ball point pens		ă
 Basins and other object hard plastic 	ts in	ă
Basins in plastic of large	ge size	B
• Bathroom fittings		B
	 Adhesive labels Adhesive tape Adult and infant nappid Advertising flyers and b Air conditioners Aluminium films for food Aluminium trays Animal excrement Armchairs Artificial flowers (plastic or fabric) Bags for crisps and pressions and other object hard plastic Basins in plastic of large 	 Adhesive labels Adhesive tape Adult and infant nappies Advertising flyers and brochures Air conditioners Air conditioners Aluminium films for food Aluminium trays Animal excrement Armchairs Artificial flowers (plastic or fabric) Bags for crisps and pretzels Baking dishes Ball point pens Basins and other objects in

Waste	Where it goes
Batteries	
Battery chargers	
• Bed frames in metal	
• Bicycles	
Blisters for pills	
• Bones	Ť
Books (without plastic-coated cover))
• Bottles in bioplastic	Ť
• Bottles in glass	
 Bottles in plastic for beverages and/or oil 	
 Boxes in cardboard/paperb 	oard 🮯
Branches from pruning	
 Branches from pruning in small quantities 	
• Brick	
Bricks and tiles	

Waste	Where it goes
• Broken glass	
• Brooms	Č
Brushes and combs	
Bubble wrap film	Ō
 Bubble wrap packaging 	g (
Buttons	
Calculators	
Calendars (remove any parts not in p	paper)
• Caps in aluminium	
Car accessories	Č
Car batteries	
Car rubber profiles	
for food	
ाँ • Carpet	
Cash register receipts (chemical or thermal pape	er) 🔤

Waste

Where it goes

- Cassettes and other objects in hard plastic
- CD, DVD, Mp3, Blue-ray player
- CDs, Blue-rays and DVDs and their containers
- Cellophane film
- Ceramic plates
- Ceramic vases
- Ceramics
- Chemical-based cat litter
- Chewing gum
- Chocolate wrappers
- Christmas trees (artificial)
- Christmas trees (natural)
- Cigarette and cigar butts

















Cigarette and cigar lighters and

Cigarette ashes (without filter)

Clean paper napkins

Clothes (hats, belts, ties,

Clothes rack in metal

 Clothes rack in plastic sold with clothes (no furniture)

without coffee residue

with coffee residue

Coffee capsules in plastic

 Coffee capsules in plastic without coffee residue

fleece clothes, shoes, scarves)

Coffee capsules (biodegradable)

Coffee capsules in aluminium

Clean sawdust

(no furniture)











Where it goes

unrecoverable waste

paper and cardboard

organic waste

plastic packaging

alass and metal packaging

batteries

medicines

used clothing

bulky waste

collection centres

Coffee grounds	Ť
Coffee packets	
 Coffee pods in fabric/pape 	er (Ť
 Cold ashes from fireplaces 	; (Ť
Colour pencils	
Computer keyboards	
Computers	
Condoms	ð
Contact lenses	
Containers in Tetra Pak	
Corks	(Ť
Cosmetic sample packets	Č
Cosmetics	Ō
Cotton	Ō

Gas lighters

Where it goes

1P

	Waste	Where it goes
	Cotton swabs	
	• Covers, blankets and c	quilts 🕆
	• Crates for fruit in card	board 🍪
	• Crates for fruit in wood	d 🚱
	• Crown bottle caps in n	netal
	Crystals	
	• Cutting boards in plast	tic
NoP;	🖞 Cutting boards in woo	d
	Dead insects	Ť
2,0 ' ((• Demijohns	
	• Digital thermometers	
	 Dirty sawdust with clear products or other mate 	
	• Dishwashers	
	 Door and window fram aluminium, wood or pla 	
	• Door mat	
	• Doors in wood, iron or p	lastic 💿 🚳

Where it goes Dried flowers Dried leaves • Dried leaves (large quantities) Easter egg wrappers (if in plastic sheet) • Earthenware and terracotta Electric cables • Electric generators Electric ovens Electric razors · Electric/electronic toys • Enamels Expired medicines • Eyeglass lenses Eyeglasses Feathers from poultry • Felt pads

Waste

		Waste	Where it goes
		Felt tip pens	
		• Filters for drinking water	
		• Fishbones	Ť
		• Flowers	Ť
		• Foam rubber	Č
		• Foam rubber for packaging	
		• Freezer bags	(ð
		• Fruit cores	Ť
		• Fruit or vegetable peels	Ť
		 Furnishings in wood, iron or p (doors, wardrobes, tables, chai trunks, benches) 	
(3	• Gauze	
		• Glass with mesh (windows and doors)	ă
		• Glasses and cups in paper	
		 Glasses in biodegradable material 	

Waste	Where	it goes		Waste
 Glasses in crysta 	al			• Higł
• Glasses in glass	(no crystal)			• Hot
Glasses in hard ((reusable)	plastic			• Hou of si
• Glasses in plastic	C (disposable)			• Ice o
• Glue				• Inca
• Grains				• Ince
• Grass cuttings				• Iner
• Grater (in metal o	r plastic)			quar dom
• Hair (dyed)				• Iron
• Hair (untreated)		Ť		• Iron
• Hair-dryers			J	• Jars in gl
• Hangers in plasti	_			• Jars
(sold with clothes)	с		K	 Kitc
	A E	3		
unrecoverable paper waste cardb			plast packag	

te	Where it goes	Waste	Where it goes
gh chairs for babies		Kitchen paper towels (gre	asy)
ot water heaters	E E B	 Kitchen paper towels (not greasy) 	
ousehold appliances small size		• Kitchen parchment (clea	an)
e cream tubs		• Lamps	
candescent light bulbs		Leather	
cense	Ť	 Leftover or expired food (biscuits, meat, desserts, c 	
ert materials in small antities coming from		fruit, bread, pasta, fish, pizz rice, eggs, vegetables)	<u>ra,</u>
mestic repairs		• Low-consumption light	bulbs 🚳
on		• Matches	Ť
oning boards		Mattresses	
rs and other packaging glass		 Mercury thermometers 	
rs for food in glass		Metal lids for glass jars	
tchen foil		Mirrors	
glass and metal packaging	batteries		ulky collect aste centre

collection

centres

	Waste	Where it goes	_
	• Mobile phone batteries	s	Ρ
	 Mobile phones, Smartphones and Tabl 	ets 💮	
	Monitors		
	Mosquito netting		
	Motorcycle helmet		
J	• Natural cat litter (sand/	sawdust) 🐧	
	Needles		
	• Neons		
	 Newspapers and maga 	azines — 🮯	
	 Notebooks, agendas, block notes, tabulates 		
	• Nuts	<u> </u>)
	Nuts and bolts		
	• Nylon bags		
)	• Opal glass (perfume bott	:les) 🗂	
	Ovtene trays		

Waste	Where it goes
 Packaging made up of mu materials (e.g. bags for cat f vacuum bags for coffee, etc.) 	
Packing tape	Č
Paintbrushes	Č
Painted wood	
Paints	
• Paints (tempera, acrylic, etc.)
• Pallets in wood	
• Panes in glass	
Pantyhose or tights	Č
• Paper bags	
• Paper coupled with alumini	um 🛆
 Paper coupled with plastic 	: Č
 Paper dirty with detergent products of other substand 	ces Ö
 Paper napkins that are we or greasy with food 	t

 Paper or cardboard packaging 	
• Paper plates	
• Paper tissues (used)	Ť
Parcel paper	
Parchment paper	Č
• PCs	
• Pellets	
Photographs	(ă
• Pillows	
Pitchers in ceramic or earthenware	
• Pitchers in glass	
• Pizza boxes (clean)	
Pizza boxes (dirty)	<u>ت</u>
Plasters	
• Plastic bags	
• Plastic bags for freezing	

Where it goes

Waste

Waste

Where it goes

- Plastic containers of liquid household cleaning products
- Plastic containers of liquid personal hygiene products
- Plastic cutlerv
- Plastic films for food
- Plastic food trays (empty)
- Plastic lids
- Plastic mesh for fruit and vegetables
- Plastic packaging
- Plastic pails
- Plastic vase for flowers
- Plastic-laminated paper



- Plates in biodegradable material
- Plates in hard plastic (reusable)
- Plates in plastic (disposable)
- Podiums in wood or plastic
- Polylaminate packaging
- Polystyrene for food and small packaging
- Polystyrene for large packaging
- Polystyrene trays for food
- Porcelain
- Pots and pans
- Printer cartridges
- Printers
- Purses, handbags and travel bags







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Where it goes









unrecoverable waste

paper and cardboard

organic waste

plastic packaging

glass and metal packaging batteries

medicines

used clothing

bulky waste

collection centres

Where it goes Radios Rads and tea towels Railings in iron, wood or plastic Razor blades Razors (not electric) Refills Refrigerators Remote controls • Rims Rubber bands Rubber eraser Rubber gloves Rubber objects

Waste	Where it goes
Rubber straps	Č
Rubber tubes	
• Rubbish bins in metal	
• Rubbish bins in plasti	c
• Rubble	
 Rucksacks and backp 	backs 🕆
 Sacks for building ma 	iterials 🚱
Sandpaper	ð
Sanitary pads	Č
• Scales	
• Seeds	
 Shells from food (nuts, eggs, molluscs) 	
 Shelves and structure in iron 	es
 Shelves in wood, glas or plastic 	s

Shopping bags in bioplastic

Waste	Where it goes
• Shopping bags in fabric	
• Shopping bags in plastic	
Skis and ski boots	
Slats	
Small mirrors	Č
Snack wrappers	
• Soap and bars of soap	Č
• Sofas	
Sponges	Č
• Spray cans (flammable)	
Spray cans for food	
• Spray cans for hygiene (not flammable)	
 Spray cans in aluminium (not flammable) 	
Spray cans in plastic (not flammable)	(b)
• Stapler	

Waste	Where it goes
 Stationery (pencils, pens, rulers, etc.) 	
Steel cutlery	
• Stereos	
Stickers	Č
 Strapping bands for packa 	ages 🜔
 Stuffed or cotton-filled obj 	jects 🚺
Stuffed toys	(ð
Suitcases	
Sunshades	
Surgical masks	Õ
Syringes	
Tanned hides	
 Taps and fittings 	
• Teabags	Ť
Telephones	
• Televisions	

	Waste	Where it goes	
	Thread		•
	Throw rugs		•
	• Tin and food tins		5
	Tins for food		000
000	• Toothbrushes		R.
	• Toothpaste tube (e	mpty)	V ·
	Toothpicks	Ť	•
	• Toys		
	Tracing paper in aluminium	Č	W •
	• Tyres without rim		•
J	• Umbrellas	ð	•
	• Unbreakable glass		•
	 Undulated cardboa 	ırd	

	here it goes
USB pen drives	
• Used mineral oils (motor oil)	
 Used vacuum cleaner bags 	
• Used vegetable oils (cooking	oil) 🚯
Vacuum cleaners	
Vials (not used for containing medicines)	
Video game consoles	
Washing machines	
Water-filter cartridges	Č
• Wax paper for food	<u>ک</u>
• Wax pastels (in small quantities)	
• Window blinds	

Waste	Where it goes
• Windows in wood or aluminium	
 Windscreens and bumpe (only from households) 	ers
• Wood from pruning	
• Wood shavings	
Wooden crates	
• Wooden ice cream sticks	s Ŭ
• X-rays	Č
 Yoghurt and dessert containers (empty) 	
• Yoghurt tub lids in aluminium	
) T	

unrecoverable waste

paper and cardboard

organic waste

plastic packaging

glass and metal packaging

batteries

medicines

998

used clothing

bulky waste

collection centres

The rules for correct separate waste collection

- 1
- Most waste consists of **packaging and containers**. When making purchases, prefer "light" products: bulk or loose, on tap or without unnecessary packaging. Or buy products with reusable packaging or with refills.

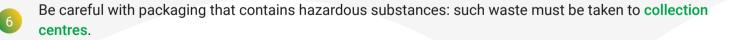


Try to buy **products with recycled and/or recyclable packaging**. You recognise them by the marking: CA and PAP for paper; PE, PET, PP, PS for plastic; FE, ACC, ALU for iron, steel and aluminium materials.

3 Among the recyclable packaging, choose those made from a single material.

If you buy products with packaging made of multiple materials, **separate the various components as much as possible** before throwing them into the separated waste containers. If that is not possible, put the packaging in the container of the most present recoverable fraction in your waste.

5 Buy products that have the **least bulky packaging**; before discarding the packaging, reduce its volume.





Avoid disposable products as much as possible and prefer durable products.

If you still have doubts about the correct delivery of a waste, even after calling the **Environmental Customer Care Service at 800 017277**, use the non-recoverable waste container. In this way, you will not risk contaminating the separate collections.

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Teach what you have learned to others: correct information is possible thanks to the collaboration of everyone!

For information or to report something: Environmental Customer Care Service active from Monday to Friday from 8:00 to 17:00 amiat@gruppoiren.it



www.amiat.it servizi.irenambiente.it gruppoiren.it

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